

Crittenden Record-Press

No 43

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, May 23, 1918

Vol. XXXX

FORMER ATTORNEY NARROWLY ESCAPES

With His Life--Falls 800 Feet
In Aviation Flight in France.
Costs \$10,000.

S. Givens Dixon, of Henderson formerly an attorney, now a lieutenant in the aviation corps in France, on April 11, barely escaped death from falling 800 ft. while in flight. The machine was completely wrecked, but he escaped with but a few bruises and scratches. In a letter to his mother, Mrs. S. V. Dixon, of Henderson, he describes his accident as follows:

I had my first spill on the 11th of this month and fell 800 feet in a "vrille," (called a tail spin or spinning nose dive in the states.) I was pretty badly "shook" up but nothing broken. This was the same stunt I got into at Dayton, but there I was up over 8,000 feet and had plenty of room to get out of it. I couldn't get out of this one in 800 feet so when I was going to hit I braced myself for the jar and threw the machine into a sharper spin, thus breaking the fall; instead of hitting head on, I hit spinning. Tore the machine all to pieces, costing Uncle Sam \$10,000, but I got myself out with a few cuts and bruises. Everyone here marvels at my lucky escape as most of the men killed here and in the states have been killed in this manner. To show you how lucky I was I am the only one here who has ever hit the ground from a "spin" or "vrille" who has gotten out alive.

"I only write you about my wreck in detail because I knew you would hear about it anyway from some source and would be worried until you knew the facts. So don't worry about me. I am destined to get back home."

I have applied for a place as a pilot for one of the big bombing planes and I hope my request will be granted.

Notice To All Road Overseers.

The laws of this state required the magistrates of this county to elect a County Road Engineer, or designate some one to perform the duties thereof, and they elected E. Jeffrie Travis, Road Engineer, thereby taking all matters pertaining to working the roads, and repairing bridges out of the hands of the County Judge. Therefore, all Overseers are advised to consult the Road Engineer, E. Jeffrie Travis, on all road matters.

Your Obedient Servant,
R. L. MOORE, Judge,
Crittenden County Court.

Stock Peas

The Marion Milling Co. have a few Stock Peas for sale at a bargain. Call them.

Marion Milling Co.,
Incorporated.

RED CROSS SPEAKING

Appointments for Sunday, May 26.

Judge J. W. Blue—Crayne 3 o'clock p. m.

W. B. Yandell and Rev. Jas. F. Price—Caldwell Springs 11 o'clock a. m., Seven Springs 3 p. m.

Judge C. S. Nunn—Shady Grove, 3 p. m.

Rev. Rufus Robinson—Ditney 3 p. m.

Crittenden stood at the top in number and amount of Liberty bonds subscribed for.

We must not take a lower rank on the great Red Cross benevolence.

TO THE WOMEN OF CRITTENDEN CO

Women Must do Their Share in
Shouldering The Burdens
of The War.

The time has come when our good women must assume more and more of the War's burdens. As our male population is shoudering the rifle and manning the guns in defense of our country. There is more need than ever for real work and effort on our part. If need be, we must till the soil, and do other forms of manual labor in order that the food supply may not diminish and prevent any slackening in the pace of our industries. Our government has the responsibility of prosecuting this war, and of course every individual intends to contribute his full share in meeting this responsibility—and this includes the women.

It is necessary for the Government to know what the women of Crittenden county can, and will do. In most every other county in the state, and in every state in the Union, survey has already been made under the auspices of the Woman's Council of National Defense, with the result that the government has all necessary information for those sections, but, so far, nothing has been done in our county, and our women have given no evidence that any of them are willing to do anything out of the ordinary. The government desires to know which of us are willing to do agricultural, clerical, domestic, professional, industrial, mechanical, or social service. Also how many will volunteer for such service, if the call should come for them to perform it, away from home, or out of the county, or even abroad. To get this information a complete registration is necessary, and, if the women of the county will observe the following dates, and comply with this request, we will be able by June 12th to place in the hands of the Government all needed information.

On the following dates and places, the following named ladies will be ready and equipped to take your registration, and the women living convenient to the several places are urgently requested to go and register.

MAGDE TAYLOR,
Chairman of the Registration.
NAME OF LADY, ADDRESS
REGISTRATION DISTRICT.

Mrs. Yancy, Dyersburg, May 31st-June 1st; Mrs. Charley Sullenger, Sheridan, May 31st-June 1st; Mrs. Dr. McConnell, Shady Grove, May 31st-June 1st; Mrs. John Grimes, Tolu, May 31st-June 1st; Miss Bertha Rankin, Ford's Ferry, May 31st-June 1st; Maude Taylor, Marion, May 23rd-June 1st.

FOR SALE,

Carneaux Pigeons, large, vigorous, young stock, Mated banding and working, the kind that produce a pound of meat in four weeks. \$2.00 per pair.

J. F. Dodge,
Marion, Ky.

If you fail to register June 5th, 1918, you are guilty of evading military service.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

June 5th, 1918, has been the date set for the registration of all men who have become 21 years of age between June 5th, 1917, and June 5th, 1918. Congress has passed the act authorizing this registration.

This registration will be held at the COURT HOUSE, MARION, KY., ON THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE, 1918, between the hours of 6 o'clock A. M., and 6 o'clock P. M., and will be under the supervision of the Local Exemption Board of the county.

Failure to appear on that date and register as prescribed in this act is a grave offense and is punishable by imprisonment.

It therefore becomes the duty of every citizen of the county to see to it, that every man who has attained the age of 21 since June 5th, 1917 presents himself on June 5th, 1918, for registration. A complete registration of all young men who have become 21 years of age since June 5th, last is very essential to the maintenance of the military establishment.

On account of the fact that there will only be a small number from each precinct to register, the Adjutant General has deemed it best to have only one registration place in the county, and the COURT HOUSE, MARION, KY., has been reelected as the most convenient place.

REMEMBER THE DATE, JUNE 5TH, 1918.

Local Exemption Board, Crittenden County, Ky.

COMMENCEMENT

PROGRAMME

OF MARION CITY SCHOOLS

All who are interested in the school are cordially invited to attend all these exercises.

Friday morning, May 24, at School Auditorium "Patriotic Pageant" given by Sophomore and Freshman classes of the High School. Music by High School Orchestra.

Friday evening, May 24, 8:30 Opera House, Patriotic Play entitled "Claim allowed" given by Senior Class of the High School. Music by High School Orchestra.

Commencement Sermon, Baptist church, Sunday, May 26, 11 o'clock, by the Rev. Frederick Doyle Kershner, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Tuesday evening, May 28, Class exercises. School Auditorium, Patriotic Program. Raising of School Service Flag.

Wednesday morning, 9 o'clock School Auditorium. Closing exercises for Primary Grades. Last Chapel Exercise for the year.

Wednesday evening, May 29, 8:30 School Auditorium. Commencement address by Dr. R. H. Crossfield, President of Transylvania College.

Note: No admission will be charged for any of the above exercises except for the play Friday night. The proceeds of the play will go to defray the expenses of the other commencement exercises. Show your appreciation for your school by attending as many of these exercises as possible.

Rally To Flag.

Not a financial institution in Crittenden county, can be classed anywhere near the slacker line. Last week we were furnished the report of Marion Bank, on subscriptions taken by them to the 3rd Liberty Loan. This week we obtained a similar report from the other two banks. The Farmers Bank, of this city, sold \$6250.00 worth of the 3rd Liberty Loan bonds, to 558 patrons.

The Farmers and Merchants Bank, of Tolu, sold \$25000.00 worth to 94 customers. This makes a list of 1044 patriots in Crittenden county who in the hour of need rallied to the government's aid to the amount of \$159,400.00 more than double what Uncle Sam asked for. All honor to Crittenden county, she is enjoying an era of prosperity never dreamed of before this war and may be depended on to come

to the front when the 4th loan is asked for by our government, now the standard bearer of liberty throughout the world, and the strongest financial institution that ever existed since the foundation of the world.

The Liberty Loan Organization Sends Thanks To The Editor.

Mr. S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky.

Dear Sir:

The publishers in the Eighth District justly may take credit for wielding a mighty influence for the Third Campaign in their communities because of the wide publicity given the Loan both in their news columns and in their advertising columns.

I want to take this occasion to thank you on behalf of the Liberty Loan Organization for the generous spirit of co-operation shown by your publication and its staff whose efforts were so plainly inspired by patriotism as well as by a sincere desire to serve.

Assuring you of my appreciation, I am

Very truly yours,
LIBERTY LOAN ORGANIZATION.

H. J. Gardner,
Director of Publicity.

Death Of Mrs. Barnett.

Mrs. Jane Barnett, of White Sulphur, died Monday morning at 4 o'clock. About ten days ago she fell, and fractured her hip, which resulted in her death. She was the widow of the late H. D. Barnett and was 73 years old, and is survived by four children, three boys and one girl, as follows: Will Barnett, of Eggnor, Cal., Harry Barnett, of Sikeston, Mo., Robt. Barnett, of White Sulphur, and Mrs. P. G. George, of Ihrie, Miss. She was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Crider. Burial occurred at Bethlehem cemetery Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Funeral services, conducted by Rev. Oakley, were held at the grave.

—Princeton Leader

Editors note: The deceased was a sister of Wm. and Chas. Blue, an aunt of Kearney Blue, and related to the Blue's here

Mrs. A. F. Stem, of Pomona, Cal., a sister of Dr. O. C. Cook, lost her son by death of pneumonia in the aviation camp of the U. S. Naval station at Boston, Mass. She took the remains to their old home, Memphis, Tenn., where the family burying ground is located. Dr. Cook was telegraphed the news of the death of his nephew, and went to Memphis to meet her and attend the burial.

LETTER FROM SOLDIER BOY

Now in France, Whose Ancestors
Were Marion Pioneers.
To His Pastor.

NONOGENARIAN TRANSFIGURED

When Her Master Called, Her Gentle Spirit Winged Its Flight.

One of the most shocking and pathetic deaths which ever occurred in Marion was that of Mrs. Jane Walker, who was burned to death at her home on North Main St., Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Just how the accident occurred will never be known, as there was no fire in the house. Her granddaughter, little Virginia Doss and a little neighbor girl, Dorothy Tucker, were at the house and heard her go in and in a few minutes her screams were heard up stairs, and as she rushed down the steps and into the yard, the children were paralyzed with fright as they saw she was in flames. She fell soon after reaching the yard and when neighbors reached her every vestige of clothing was burned off, only her belt and shoes remaining. Dr. Moreland was one of the first to reach her side, but only a few gasps escaped her after being carried into the house and placed in bed by W. O. Tucker and Selden Ainsworth, who were passing at the time.

I received a postal card from Dr. Wolff this morning and it brought back old memories. Sitting on my cot here in my tent, I was picturing myself, standing in front of the drug store eight months ago, and the first thing I saw was good old Grace Church. How well I could see Dr. Hymes, standing at the Centre Door, shaking hands with his congregation and without exception, it was: "Good morning, Doctor, another lovely sermon this morning." Just outside the door, I could see Mr. Pioeger and Mr. Daus and other good men, loading their machines with their friends so as to get them home before the dinner got cold.

Last week some good member of the Brotherhood sent me an American Magazine and I certainly enjoyed reading it. The sender neglected to put his card inside and it is impossible for me to thank him. I will be very glad for you to thank him for me and tell him that his time and money were not spent in vain.

We were honored with the presence of Mr. Edward Pioeger at our camp some days ago and he had the pleasure of eating Sunday dinner with us. I think he will testify that army grub is a great deal better than it is cracked up to be.

Any time any of the Grace Brotherhood members are near Camp Shelby tell them to be sure and look me up and I will see that they see everything of any importance in the camp. We are just sixty miles from the Gulf and we get a fine breeze from it every night. It makes one think that he is up North on the lakes, enjoying a fishing trip, instead of being in the Army.

Tell the folks that we are all in the best of health and spirits, and we expect to be back in the near future. You might tell Mr. Walter Lewis to practice up on checkers, as I am putting in my spare time on it and I think I can take him for a cleaning.

I will be glad to hear from any of you at any time.

Respectfully yours,
CURT STINSON.

Continued on page 5

BRISCOE 1918 CAR

This new 1918 model BRISCOE touring car is a beauty and has a record of 25 to 30 miles per gallon of gasoline in ordinary use.

But the biggest economy is in the first cost of the BRISCOE which is \$825.00 F. O. B. Jackson, Mich., and embodying as it does the "half million dollar motor" and a proved chassis is less than the price of any car of equal strength, and good looks.

We have been fortunate in receiving the agency of the BRISCOE for Caldwell, Lyon and Crittenden counties. Let us show you this wonderful car.

S. C. BENNETT & SON, Fredonia, Ky.

WHAT CAN WE + DO?

Red Cross Clippings is the title of a small paper published in Philadelphia, to help make the work of the Pennsylvania division efficient and further the usefulness of the American Red Cross in war and civilian relief. Here are two intensely interesting items from its publication of March 30, which will make every member of the American Red Cross proud of this marvelous organization and more anxious than ever to work for it:

Home Service Grows.

"Like young David Copperfield, home service has 'grown out o' knowledge' since the first of the year. At the end of January, home service sections in the Pennsylvania division were giving help of one kind and another to more than 2,000 soldiers' and sailors' families, and at the end of February the number of families had increased to 4,500.

"This increase in numbers is, in a way, a measure of the increase of confidence in the ability of the Red Cross to help solve family problems, and it also shows that the Red Cross is proving worthy of the confidence and reliance that soldiers and their families place in them. The following letter to the division director of civilian relief shows how Red Cross home service

workers are helping to keep up the spirits of the men in the army:

"Just a line to let you know that I received your letter, notifying me that the — Red Cross would look after my wife and children, which takes a load off my shoulders and makes me look at my duties and the future with a brighter eye, eager to strike the foe and win, knowing that no matter what happens my family will not suffer through my not waiting to be called. If I had been single I would have been in it at the start, but I guess there's lots of fun yet. So thanking you again for the promptness you have shown, I will close with best wishes to you and the work you have undertaken."

"Sincerely yours,

"PRIVATE ROBERT DUNCAN.
A Worried Soldier is a Poor Soldier.

"Soldiers have bodies that get cold; therefore they need sweaters; they get hurt or sick, therefore they need surgical dressings; but they have also minds and hearts that center on the folks back home; they become anxious and discouraged about the welfare of wives, children, mothers, brothers, sisters. 'A worried soldier is a poor soldier,' says General Pershing. 'The Red Cross can help to keep up the morale of the men by protecting and aiding their families.'

Afternoon Frock of Two Materials



The path of designers, who are always looking for something new and beautiful, has been made much easier than usual this season. Contributions of two materials, or two kinds of one material, in a single garment account for it. The spring and summer styles were inaugurated by displays that featured these contributions, and we have benefited by them in several ways—in inexpensive and original frocks that are attractive, and in remodeled dresses that double the length of service of at least one of the fabrics used in them. The styles never favored the remodeling of frocks more than they do now.

Usually a sheer material like chiffon cloth, georgette crepe, voile or net is made up with a heavier goods and the refinement of these sheer fabrics lends tone to others as familiar and commonplace as sateen or gingham. This makes them an immensely valuable resource of the professional and the home dressmaker. There is no end to the ways in which materials have been combined in coats and frocks. Voile and gingham, georgette and satin, chiffon cloth and light wools have proved so successful that they promise a long reign of combinations in the realm of fashions.

The afternoon gown pictured here shows how well suited to each other satin and georgette are in fashioning a lovely and simple frock. One is as important as the other in the design: half the skirt is of satin and half of crepe and their honors are even in the bodice also. The sleeves are of crepe with deep cuffs of satin. Whenever the two materials are brought together they are joined by a band of embroidery in a scroll and flower pattern, made with long, quickly placed stitches of heavy embroidery silk. No dress could present fewer difficulties to the home dressmaker. When gingham and fine cotton voile are used together, hemstitching, very narrow crocheted or chin lace, or tatting are effective for joining them. There is much joy in a made-over frock that

Julie Bottomly

Glove Extravagance.

There are dress economists who believe the reactivation of the short sleeve forecasts a saving of material.

Perhaps. But, on the other hand,

there are any number of women who will fight shy of the coquettish little sleeve that terminates its brief career somewhere between elbow and shoulder.

To them it means the addition of long gloves or the adoption of a gumput with net, lace or organdie under sleeve showing below the gown sleeve. And gloves cannot be put in the category of reasonable adjuncts, not even if one is willing to forego kid, and substitute silk or cotton.

Hats of Fabric.

Fabrics are greatly used by the milliners, and whole hats, crowns and brims are fashioned of georgette crepe, chiffon, satin, tulle or whatever the designer happens to fancy. Georgette and crepe de chine are, perhaps, more used than any of the other materials, always excepting nets and laces, and a hat entirely covered with crepe and showing straw only in the facing of the brim is sometimes untrimmed, save for a drapery and a knot of the crepe. Lovely colored silks are used for the draped toques which are so much in vogue.

Taffeta and Satin.

In the moderate-priced frocks every where the demand for taffeta persists, but in high-priced gowns satin seems to have the greater popularity.

Georgette Crepe Combinations.
Many afternoon gowns are seen with taffeta and georgette crepe combinations. Satins are more exclusive.

HOME TOWN HELPS.

STRAIGHT ROWS PROVE BEST

Give Most Attractive Appearance to Garden, and in the End Also Save Much Labor.

If the garden is made in straight rows and in beds of uniform size and shape it will not only present a more attractive appearance, thus adding to the gardener's pride in his work, but it will be much easier to cultivate. This latter fact is an important item for consideration, as the average city resident has none too much time in which to cultivate his garden and the work must be done if results are to be obtained. Frequent plowing, as much work as possible with the hoe, and extermination of every weed that shows its head above the ground—all these are necessary if the garden is to produce to the limit of its capacity.

To insure that the rows will be perfectly straight all that is necessary is a length of strong cord sufficient to reach from end to end of the garden's longest dimension. At each end of the cord fasten a stout stake about two feet long and sharpened at one end so the stakes may easily be thrust into the soil.

In city and town gardens, where the space is restricted, it is best to have the rows run the long way of the garden—north to south if possible—planting several kinds of similarly grown vegetables, like green onions, carrots, radishes, etc., in the same row.

If you plant such crops as beets, radishes and onions in beds these can be made four to six inches high by digging narrow paths around the beds with a hoe and throwing the soil upon the beds.

When the drainage of the garden is not good it is well to grow cabbage, cauliflower and similar crops on small ridges thrown up with spade or hoe. Other crops, among them early peas and celery, should be planted in shallow trenches scooped out with a hoe. When these plants grow the soil is gradually worked back around the roots.

Since hoeing must start early and sometimes when the soil becomes caked above the planted seeds it is necessary to break it, a few quick-growing radish seeds planted with other sorts will quickly spring up and show where the rows are.

BUILDING PLAN WORTH WHILE

Neighborhood Always Best Where Proper Attention Is Paid to That Highly Important Detail.

The average city allotment is spoiled because little or no attention is paid to architectural merit by the realtor. This is true because of the lack of appreciation of good lines in the formation of a building plan and its details of elevation. The situation can and will be saved when it is an appreciated fact that the employment of architectural ability raises the standard without increasing the cost, thus giving to the investor an asset which is dependable and sure of realization, both in actual value and desirability, because of stability and refinement expressed in the building.

The neighborhood where street after street is sold out without building operations being proceeded with or rigid enforcement of intelligent approval of building plans, is sure to be disappointing because of the lack of unity in the heterogeneous expression of ideas much of which is so often very bad in execution.

Some one has said that an ideal is the framework of a fact. The average person endeavors to express his ideal in home surroundings, hence it becomes a business worthy of careful study for the builder of houses to make them really homes.

The best neighborhood in which to live and rear a family is one where building activities are carefully guarded and the homeseker is assisted wisely and prudently in building his highest ideal of home according to his means.

Improving Architecture.

The citizen who builds can do much to raise the general standard of our homes by an understanding of a few of the true principles of architecture. The essentials are geometric planning, good proportions, symmetry and judicious use of features of merely decorative character. Where possible, the location of the house always should be planned in relation to the site with a view to giving the house a setting by the planting of proper shrubs and surroundings.

The prospective builder can advantageously study some of our leading architectural publications with a view to familiarizing himself with the best of various types of homes and with this knowledge he can do much to demand a better class of domestic architecture.

From a Novelty to a Necessity.

The backyard garden was a novelty for most of us last year, and we took it up as a fad with faddish eagerness. We shall need the garden more than ever this year, and it behoves us to consider it as a military and business proposition not to be entered into in a spirit of bucolic levity, but with serious purpose and endless determination.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

FASHIONABLE SNAKES.

The snakes in the zoo were wiggling with excitement, for many of them were about to change their skins, and out in the country a great many of their cousins were doing the same thing.

When snakes are wild they go to sleep for the winter. In the zoo they nap and sleep a great deal, but not for the whole winter through—that is because they are fed regularly and are kept so warm.

Now, Mrs. Sally Snake lived in the country, and she had been asleep for the winter. She stretched herself with a wiggle and said: "Oh, I am hungry! Now I'll have fine meal for the first time in three months."

There are many snakes who only eat every three months, and after each meal they take a nap. The naps of other snakes are good and long, too!

"And after I've eaten," said Mrs. Sally Snake, "I'll sleep. Ah, what joy those very words bring to my snake heart—sleep and eat, sleep and eat!"

And Mrs. Sally Snake hissed all over again.

It was not long after this that Mrs. Sally Snake said: "It's high time for


"We Must Be Fashionable," Said Mrs. Garter Snake.

me to have a new skin or a new suit. All folks want new suits in the springtime and most certainly a snake will not be behind in the fashions."

"Most certainly not," the other snakes hissed. "We must be fashionable at all costs," Mrs. Garter Snake said.

"Why do you say at all costs?" asked Mrs. Sally Snake. "One would think that we couldn't afford new suits. Indeed I can always afford one when I need one."

"I said that we must have them at all costs," replied Mrs. Garter Snake. "As I've heard people walking and talking. And their talking has been important. They have said: 'Oh dear me, dear me, I feel so poor, and yet I must have a new dress. I'll have one at all costs.'

"So I imagined," continued Mrs. Garter Snake, "that we should pretend we were poor and yet that we must get new suits."

"My dear," said Mrs. Sally Snake, "it is very foolish to talk that way, and I don't admire anyone who does. If a creature is poor and can't afford a new suit, I admire her, or him, for going without one. But if a creature isn't poor and is simply talking that way—then I call it very absurd, and I just wish they could go blind for a little while and really suffer for new things as we do."

"You say in one breath that we don't get our suits at all costs, and in the next you say how we suffer for them," said Mrs. Garter Snake.

"Well, if folks are going to grumble I can," said Mrs. Sally Snake.

"You just said that you didn't admire them when they did grumble. Why copy something you don't admire?"

"True," said Mrs. Sally Snake. "It's strange how often we copy what we don't like to see. It's just like saying: 'I hate to gossip about my neighbors. I don't like Mrs. Green Snake because she does.' And then to go on talking about Mrs. Green Snake for talking to others! It's the same thing, exactly, and I must be careful not to do what I don't like or admire."

But in a way the snakes do suffer for their new skins, for they get almost entirely blind while the new skin is growing under the old one.

A queer blue film comes over their eyes and they can scarcely see at all. But they are quite willing to put up with such things for the sake of new skins.

"Did you hear what Mrs. Milk Snake was supposed to have eaten for breakfast?" asked Mrs. Red Spotted Snake.

"No!" they all exclaimed. They knew that Mrs. Milk Snake was liable to eat anything and that she was very proud of her enormous appetite. "She ate a pig that weighed sixty pounds!" answered Mrs. Red Spotted Snake.

"Fancy that!" all the snakes hissed.

"Well, she has to change her skin often," Mrs. Sally Snake added.

For the bigger the eater the sooner will a snake need a new skin, for they actually grow out of their old skins and have to have new ones. It's just the way children grow out of their clothes, and the more they eat and the healthier they are the more they grow!

It is doubtful if there is a street in the world that has a stranger name than one in Hull, England. It is called "Land of Green Ginger."



THE KITCHEN CABINET



ped parsley, a teaspoonful of chopped celery, the same of chopped onion, one egg well beaten, salt and pepper to taste. Put the softened peas through the meat chopper, combine the ingredients and bake 30 minutes.

Food Conservation Slogan—Don't stuff your husband, but husband your stuff.

SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS.

Dried fruits may be stewed and used without the addition of sugar. Prune juice and prune pulp will make a fine sauce for a steamed pudding or for dry cake when steamed, needing no sugar to make it palatable. Dates, figs, as well as raisins, may be used in the same way.

Maple Blanc Mange With Nuts.—Heat a quart of milk, add a quart of cornstarch which has been moistened with a little cold milk. Stir and cook over hot water for eight minutes or until the starch taste has been removed. Have ready six tablespoonsfuls of shaved maple sugar that has been mixed with one lightly beaten egg. Add this gradually to the hot milk and stir until the sugar is dissolved, but do not boil. Remove from the heat and turn into a pretty mold to harden. Serve unmolded with whipped cream, sweetened with maple syrup and with a half-cupful of pecan meats added.

Banana Marmalade.—Peel half a dozen bananas (three may be underripe) and drop them into a cupful of boiling water. Add the juice of two lemons and cook until thick, stirring to prevent burning; this takes ten minutes. Then measure the fruit pulp thus made and add half as much sugar by measure as there is of the pulp. Then cook until the desired thickness. Less sugar may be used if a thinner jelly is wanted. Pour into glasses and cover as usual. This makes about three cupfuls of marmalade, or four small tumblers.

Peanut Brittle.—Take two cupfuls of maple sugar, melt over heat, stir constantly; add a pinch of salt and a half-cupful of coarsely chopped peanuts; turn at once into a greased tin.

Maple Divinity Fudge.—Take a cupful of maple sugar, a quarter of a cupful of water, boil to the soft ball stage, then pour over the stiffly beaten white of one egg, beating constantly; add a half-teaspoonful of vanilla extract and a half-cupful of nuts. Drop from a spoon on a greased platter before the mixture gets too stiff.

Maple Fondant.—Take five cupfuls of maple sugar, two tablespoonsfuls of cornstarch and three-quarters of a cupful of water. Boil to the soft ball stage; cool, then beat with a wooden spoon until creamy. Then knead on a board. Cover and let stand a day or two.

Onion Man Alone Could Not Build a City or a Great Railroad.—One man alone would find it hard to build a house or a bridge. That I may have bread, men have sowed and reaped, men have made plows and threshers, men have built mills and mined coal, men have made stoves and kept stores. As we learn better how to work together, the welfare of our country is advanced.—William J. Hutchins.

GOOD WAR CAKES.

Honey, if strained, will take the place of sugar in many dishes. When

it is produced at home the cost is very small.

Honey Drop Cakes.

Take a half cupful of any sweet fat, one cupful of strained honey, one well-beaten egg, a half cupful of sour

milk, three-fourths of a cupful of wheat flour, a teaspoonful of soda, a half teaspoonful of cloves, a teaspoonful of cinnamon and a half cupful of raisins and one and three-quarters cupfuls of flour. Sift together all the ingredients and put together in the usual way. The flour should be sifted before measuring, and measured lightly into the cup. Bake the cakes in small gem pans. This makes two dozen good-sized cakes.

Lemon Honey Cakes.—Heat one cupful of honey to the boiling point, add two and one-half table-spoonsfuls of shortening, and let cool. Then stir in one and a third cupfuls of sifted flour and set aside to stand over night. When ready to bake, add the grated rind of a lemon, one and one-half tablespoonsfuls of lemon juice, one-third of a cupful of blanched and finely chopped almonds and one-third of a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of water. Beat all together thoroughly and bake in small cupcake pans 20 minutes.

Sponge Cake With Corn Flour.

Beat the yolks of four eggs until light, add a table-spoonful of lemon juice, a cupful of sugar, and when well mixed add a cupful of corn flour, fold in the whites of the eggs beaten stiff and mixed with an eighth of a teaspoonful of baking powder.

"Fancy that!" all the snakes hissed.

"Well, she has to change her skin often," Mrs. Sally Snake added.

For the bigger the eater the sooner will a snake need a new skin, for they actually grow out of their old skins

CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS

Marion, Ky., May 23, 1918.

S. M. JENKINS.
Editor and Publisher

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

\$1.50 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50¢ per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising
25¢ per inch S. C. Home Advertising
Plate, or Repeated ads., one-half rate.

Metal bases for Plates and Electrodes

Locals or Readers

5cts per line in this size type.

10cts per line in this size type

15cts. a line this size type.

Obituaries 5c per line
Cards of Thanks 5c per line
Resolutions of respect 5c aline

Cash
With
Copy



This paper has enlisted
with the government in the
cause of America for the
period of the war.....

Coal Men Pledge Aid To Red Cross.

A number of prominent coal operators responded to chairman John R. Downing's invitation to come to Lexington and discuss the plan of enlisting the miners in the Red Cross Campaign and a very satisfactory meeting was held Saturday in the Red Cross Rooms in the Fayette Bank building. H. E. Bullock, president of the Kentucky Block Coal Co., presided and it was the consensus of opinion that every miner in the state should give a day's work to the Red Cross and every operator dollar for dollar with the amount of their wages. Executive Secretary S. W. Calder will at once take steps to secure the full co-operation of the operators and miners and success seems assured from the number that have already responded to the suggestion. During the meeting Miss Malloy, who has been spending much time in the coal districts of McCreary county and doing splendid work for the Red Cross, made a highly interesting and instructive address, which was received with thanks and applause.

Gen. John J. Pershing, commanding the American forces in France, pays this high compliment to the Red Cross.

"No organization since the world began has done such a great constructive work with the efficiency, dispatch, sympathy and understanding with which the Red Cross has accomplished its work in the last six months."

To aid such an organization, which is contributing to the comforts of our boys at the front and caring for the sick and wounded soldiers "over there," is a sacred duty as it should be a pleasure to every lover of the kind.

This from the Owensboro Messenger sounds mighty good to those who are trying to send Kentucky's quota of \$900,000 away over the top:

"The Red Cross drive will come next. The county's quota is \$25,000 and it will doubtless be subscribed in a few hours."

Prof. Ed B. Davis, of Georgetown appointed State Chairman of the Colored Division by State Chairman John R. Downing, is doing splendid work among his people, who will respond liberally to the appeal for the Red Cross. His letter to the campaign managers has the right ring and shows that he is heart and soul in the cause.

The interest displayed in the Red Cross in the mountains is as wonderful as it is gratifying. Nearly every one has a close relative in the army or navy, and they have written home telling what the Red Cross is doing for them. There won't be any trouble raising the quotas in the mountains and if the rest of the state will respond as liberally there will be no doubt as to the final outcome. The \$300,000 will be subscribed with thousands to spare.

SUFFERING FROM COLD

If you shiver in frosty weather, if you have cold hands and feet, if colds are stubborn and frequent, then your blood may be thin and impoverished.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has been correcting this condition for nearly fifty years. It possesses rare powers for creating natural body warmth, for charging summer blood

with winter richness and strengthening both throat and lungs.

The Norwegian cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which makes it pure and palatable.

Scott & Bowe, Bloomfield, N.J. 17-12

Registration of all men who have become 21 years of age since June 5th, 1917, will be held at Court House, Marion, Ky., June 5th.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

Which is Better--Fry an Experiment or Profit by a Marion Citizen's Experience.

Something new is an experiment.

Must be proved to be as represented.

The statement of a manufacturer is not convincing proof of merit.

But the endorsement of friends is.

Now supposing you had a bad back,

A lame, weak or aching one.

Would you experiment on it?

You will read of many so-called cures.

Endorsed by strangers from faraway places.

It's different when the endorsement comes from home.

Easy to prove local testimony.

Read this Marion case.

A. C. Melton, bricklayer, 633 E. Depot St., says: "I have used Dean's Kidney Pills at different times for a weak and lame back. They have always helped me and I know they are a good kidney medicine. I advise anyone to get a box of Dean's Kidney Pills at Orme's Drug Store when suffering from kidney trouble."

Price 60 cents at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Dean's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Melton had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

BELLMONT

Rain has been plentiful the last few days, ploughing has been a thing of the past, for the last week or two and from the looks of the prospect, it will continue for a week or so.

Hauling off tobacco has been the order of the day.

Very little corn planted in this community.

Mr. Nat Ethridge has almost completed their new house, and have moved into it the past week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Hayes Bugay, a 10 lb. boy, May 2, which was christened William Paul.

Mr. C. H. McConnell of Shady Grove was in this community one day last week.

Talmage Hill and Louis Guess spent a few days in Providence the past week.

The measles, mumps, and roseola, have been raging in this community, for the past three or four months.

Sunday school at Piney Fork, every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Every body invited, so come and bring some one with you.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John McConnell, a bouncing 7 lb. girl May 7. She was christened Jamie Eveline.

We always hear people say we have lots of rain in April "April showers" but we surely are having "May showers" from the way it rains.

Rev. F. L. McDowell was a pleasant visitor in Piney Fork Sunday school, the first Sunday afternoon, and made a splendid talk. We were very glad to have him with us, so please come again.

Frank Boyd and wife was the guests of John McConnell and family a few days last week. Mr. Boyd returning home leaving his wife to spend a few days with her daughter.

We Thank You.

Morley, Mo., May 14.
Mr. S. M. Jenkins.

Please find enclosed a check for \$1.50 to keep the Record Press coming. We are always more than glad to get it, can't afford to do with out a single copy, it meets a welcome in our home that no other paper ever could. We love to get the news from our "old Kentucky home" and friends. Best wishes to you and yours.

MARY E. MINNER.

FORD'S FERRY

John Dever, of Hopkins county, has recently been visiting some of his old friends in this neighborhood. Notwithstanding the 70 winters which Mr. Devers has spent on this earth, he is remarkably Hale and vigorous, and is still capable of doing an astonishing amount of work. For instance, he cut and shocked 42 shocks of corn in one day! What young man can beat it?

Walter Hughes and Elbert Lucas have recently landed in France with the re-enforcements which are daily augmenting Pershing's immortal host, already numbering 500,000 strong. We sincerely hope that these boys will make it safely through the ordeal awaiting them. It must be remembered, however, that the heroes who perish in this war will never die in the hearts of their countrymen.

The recent heavy rains have hindered the planting and cultivation of the corn crop, but wheat has been greatly benefited by the wet weather; and wheat is, after all, the one product mostly needed by our allies.

Kirby Thomas, who has recently joined Uncle Sam's army at Camp Zachary Taylor, writes back that he is highly pleased with everything pertaining to the great military camp.

Fini Hughes, who was torn and raised two miles from Fords Ferry, is working in the transportation department of the American army in France. Finis is operating one of Uncle Sam's big motor trucks.

Mrs. Addie Brewer, who has recently taken charge of the Fords Ferry post-office, is performing the duties of the office in a creditable manner, rendering good service for the people.

Your correspondent was recently in conversation with a Crittenden county soldier boy who has just returned from a furlough from Camp Zachary Taylor and we were pleased to learn that the moral and spiritual welfare of the American troops are being carefully looked after by those who have the management of the big camp.

Ross Crumbecker, who has been working on McKinley Island for Billy Croft, is very sick with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Lawrence Tackwell, Mrs. Mary McAmis and Mrs. Sallie Watson went to Rosiclare last week to see Mrs. L. E. Harden, who is very ill at her home there.

Mrs. J. C. Stephenson is on the sick list.

Miss Fannie Shemwell has hats for sale in the basement of the John Nation property.

The ladies of the Red Cross Society meet with Mrs. John Grimes three times a week to sew.

Mrs. Mayme Boyd Bear, formerly of this place, now of Durango, Colo., who has been visiting friends in Marion, Tolu and Carrsville, left Wednesday for her home, accompanied by Mrs. Clara Brown of Salem, who will remain in Colorado at indefinite time.

John R. Eaton
Marion Uria Conditt
Ernest Washington Shoerraft

John W. Morrow
Albert Newton Cullen
Thomas L. Walker
Frank Belt

Luther Horning
Thomas Hughes
Masse Bee Brantley
John Vester Meeks
James G. Highfill

ALTERNATES

Harley Hood Howard
Lawrence Ruley
Harry Threlkeld
Burnice Bradford
John H. James
James Ephraim James
Pleas Newcom
Grover Smith
Emit Edward Willoughby
Bradley Brown Howard

HERE THEY ARE

The following Crittenden country men are included in the next call and will leave here Saturday, May 25, for Camp Zachary Taylor.

Eddie Lee Melton
Albert Jackson Failey
Archie Hardin
Bertie Clay Little
Lynn Walker

John William James
Martin Lester Hunt
Wathen Rankin
Corbet C. Ford

Johnnie Nolan Brewer
Newman Monroe Peek
Alvadis Tabor

Johnson Brasher
Claud M. Nelson
Ren Thomas Griffin
Claud Goffrey Daughtry

Isaac Marion Dillard
Sam Wesley Belt
Howard Pattillo

Avis Daniel Clayton
Gordon C. Winders
John Mills

Clarence Everett Pickens
Elfira Vernon Fox
Claud Summers

Richard Maurice Horning
James Leonard Rankin
Marion Arvil Hodges

Henry James
Calvin Roy Campbell
Pierce Ray Taylor

William Herbert McClure
Thomas Reed Bracey
Reed Woodall

Gilford Dewey Paris
Willis E. Boisture
Lynn Marvel

George E. Steele
Kirby Walker

Robert Clay Heath
Eli Reuben Eaton

Everett James Darnell
Howard Eugene Hurley

Will Curry
Denton Euel Crider
Jesse Carlton

June 5th, is registration day, don't fail to register if you have become 21 years of age since June 5th, last year, failure to do so is punishable by imprisonment.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Anderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at all. Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere. We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too." Try Cardui. E-77

Let every citizen see to it, that every man in his neighborhood who has become 21 years of age since the 5th, of last June goes to the Court House, Marion, Ky., June 5th, and registers.

PROMINENT TENNESSEE RAILROAD MAN AT AGE OF SIXTY-NINE FEELS LIKE A BOY OF 18

L. & N. Agent and Cotton Broker at Bartlett, Tenn., Relates Remarkable Experience as Result of Taking the Great Vin Hepatica Prescription.

"I feel like a boy of eighteen, although I am now sixty-nine years of age," declares Mr. W. E. Smith, L. & N. agent and cotton broker of Bartlett, Tenn., after taking Vin Hepatica.

"Up until a short while ago my friends thought I would live only a short while, I had been suffering so from indigestion and general breakdown. I had pneumonia in January, was all run down, and weak in the knees and extremely nervous.

"I saw in the papers what the great nature Vin Hepatica prescription was doing for others, and my wife insisted on my trying it. After going to the Weiss' Pharmacy, Main & Union Sts., Memphis, and after talking the matter over with Mr. Philpot, and being shown that Vin Hepatica is really a na-

ture remedy, I began to take it immediately with the most remarkable results.

"I have been with the L. & N. for thirty-eight years, and at Bartlett for thirty-four years. Am a cotton broker, and now that I really feel like a boy again, I want everyone to know what I think of Vin Hepatica, and to write me if they want to at Bartlett, Tenn., and I will tell them, for it is truly a great medicine."

Such testimonials as this are coming in from all directions, and we heartily recommend this great Vin Hepatica prescription for anyone who suffers from stomach, kidney, liver, and bowel trouble, is nervous, weak or run down. It is a mighty fine spring and summer tonic.

J. H. ORME Marion, Ky.

RED CROSS Rooster Day

I understand that in some states fertile eggs cannot be sold after June 1st. and that in all markets unfertilized eggs sell at a higher price.

To guarantee unfertilized eggs the roosters should be disposed of.

I suggest that in each district next

Saturday May 25th.

be set apart as Red Cross Rooster Day, and the roosters be taken to some central point and turned over to the Red Cross Committee for sale for the benefit of the Red Cross Campaign in the district.

J. W. Blue, Jr.,
Manager.

PERSONAL

E. L. Harpending, Notary Public
Gentlemen boarders wanted
T. J. McConnell, Phone 256

Mrs. J. W. Blue, who is at
Walker's hospital in Evansville,
is improving nicely.

FOR SALE.—One white-faced
Hereford male, two years old.
—J. N. Boston. 5 16 4t

Mr. and Mrs. Gip Watkins left
Monday for Red Boiling Springs
for a ten days vacation.

For sale, some good, used auto-
tires and tubes.

Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co.

Misses Lettie and Grace Con-
ditt and Grace Clement of Chapel
Hill were here last week to
attend teachers examination.

FOR SALE—Three mares, 3
4, and 6 years old, well bred.
George W. Hill, Fredonia, Ky.,
Route 3. 4tp

Mrs. Crit Hopper left Saturday
day for her home in Memphis,
after a visit with her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Yandel.

Choice city property for sale.
W. E. Belt.

4 18 1mp Real estate dealer.

Mrs. F. P. Walker, of Rock-
ford, Ill., and her son, Lucian,
Tulsa, Okla., arrived to attend
the funeral and burial of Mrs.
Jane Walker.

When you have Backache the liver
or kidneys are sure to be out of gear.
Try Sanol, it does wonders for the liv-
er, kidneys and bladder. A trial 50c
bottle will convince you. Get it at the
drug store.

Ira C. Bennett and son of Fred-
onia were here Tuesday in their
new Briscoe car, a beauty in
three colors, which was much
admired while on our streets.

Registration day, June 5th, Congress
has passed an act re-
quiring all men who have be-
come 21 years of age since June
5th, 1917, to register for military
service.

Mrs. J. I. Clement and her
daughter, Marion, and Mr. Ed
VanPelt, who have been sojour-
ning at Deming, N. M., are ex-
pected home this week.

Mrs. C. B. Sullivan has returned
home from a three weeks visit
to her husband at a Sanitarium
in Silver City, N. M., and reports
that he is getting along nicely,
but will not leave the Sanitarium
for about two months, when he
will likely locate some where in
New Mexico.

Hear Gladys Hardy as Ethel
LaFole when she chooses be-
tween her soldier and her father—the
soldier, a patriot, the
father a slacker. Opera House
Friday night.

Mrs. R. A. Rodgers, of Owenses-
boro, is visiting her mother,
Mrs. Cochran, and other relatives.

See Lucile Moore as Lillian
Carmen—a girl who places "Old
Glory" first in her life, Opera
House, Friday night.

Curtis Teer, born November 20,
1869; died May 15, 1918. He had been
in failing health for 18 months. He is
survived by his wife, who was Miss
Sarah Wheeler, to whom he was mar-
ried September 5, 1889; three sons,
Everett, Lacy and Forest, three
daughters, Mrs. Ena Howard and
Misses Grace and Bettie.

The remains were buried at Cald-
well Springs Thursday, Rev. U. G.
Hughes officiating.

Decoration Day services
At Chapel Hill Cemetery.

Everyone interested in Chapel Hill
cemetery are requested to meet on the
morning of May 30, for the purpose of
cleaning off the grounds, decorating
graves and electing directors.

Services at the church at 11 o'clock.
Services in the morning only. Owing
to food regulations no dinner will be
served.

JAS. ALEX HILL,
Secretary.

Miss Ruby Cook, who is at-
tending the Bowling Green Nor-
mal school and is home on a vaca-
tion, will resume her studies
in a few days.

Wednesday, June 5th, is the
day set by Congress for all men
who have become 21 years of
age since last June to register
for military service. See that
those in your neighborhood are
informed of the date.

Don't be a slacker this year,
but place your lot in the hands
of the Cemetery Committee.
You have never done this, possi-
bly, so DO IT NOW.

Miss Frances Blue, who was
with her mother at Walker's
sanitarium for several weeks,
returned home Saturday as Mrs.
Blue was much improved.

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey
Male and female pigs, eligible to
registry. Have 15 of each.
Price \$12.50 during May. After
June 1, \$15.00. —J. N. Boston.
5 16 4t

Mrs. Herbert Whitney and
children, Master Herbert Wood,
and little Miss Virginia, are ex-
pected here early in June to visit
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. F.
Dorr, on South Main street.

M. P. Deboe of Salem, bought
a two ton International truck to
use in hauling spar to the Rail-
road and coal from the Railroad.
He was here Tuesday with a load
of spar and took back 50 bushels
of coal.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Walker,
Walter Walker, Mrs. Estelle
Reese and little daughter arrived
from Colorado Tuesday to attend
the funeral and burial of Mrs.
Jane Walker.

FOR SALE—A new Incuba-
tor, 60 egg capacity, also a
brooder. Party has no room to
use same, and has decided to dis-
pose of it at once.

4 t Call Press office.

Ed Olive, of Winchester, Ray-
mond Olive, of Louisville, and
Jesse Olive, of Camp Shelby,
were all here to attend the funer-
al and burial of Mrs. Jane
Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Nunn, of
Sullivan, were here Saturday
and Sunday the guests of their
daughter, Mrs. T. A. Frazer.
Mrs. Nunn is a sister of Mrs.
Jane Walker.

W. L. Clement and wife, of
Ford's Ferry, were here Satur-
day. Mr. Clement is a brother
of Mrs. Jane Walker, who met
such a tragic death Saturday
morning.

All day meeting the 4th Sun-
day in May, at Crooked Creek.
Children's services in the morn-
ing. Preaching at 2 o'clock in
the afternoon by the pastor, Rev.
J. B. Trotter. Every body come
and welcome.

Rev. James Renfro, Sunda-
morning, May 19th, received a
cash contribution of \$55.35 from
the citizens of Shady Grove to
the second Red Cross war fund.

The Children's Day exercises
at the Rosebud M. E. church,
South, are postponed to the 4th
Sunday in June.

James Renfro, Pastor.

The Court House, Marion, Ky.,
has been designated as the place
of registration for Crittenden
county, of all men who have be-
come 21 years of age since June
5th, 1917.

Have your tires repaired now.
The roads will be good in a few
days.

Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co.

FOR SALE—Pure Wild Mal-
lard Duck eggs, \$2.50 per 13
eggs. Write or phone 124-21.
Mrs. Mont Morrell, Marion,
Ky. 4 25 2 mp

Elzie Thomas telephoned his
parents, Mr. and Mrs. George
Thomas, from Wesson, Ill., that
he was the father of a fine boy,
which arrived Sunday night.

—Providence Enterprise.

Don't throw away your old auto-
tires and tubes; have them repair-
ed.

Marion Steam Vulcanizing Co.

R. E. Pickens, Jr., and fami-
ly, of Henderson, are guests of
his parents on North College
street.

Silk skirts at reduced prices
this week at Lottie Tinsley
Terry's.

Miss Josie Paris, who spent
last week on a vacation here
with her mother, Mrs. J. A. C.
Pickens, left Monday for Evans-
ville to resume her studies in the
Lockyear Business College.

Mrs. Mollie Ledbetter and two
sons, Walker and Robin, came
over from their home in Eliza-
bethtown, Ill., as soon as they
heard of the death of Mrs. Jane
Walker.

W. H. Ward, wife and son, of
Sturgis, were week-end guests
of her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Jesse Olive. Mrs. Ward is a
granddaughter of Mrs. Jane
Walker, and they remained over
to attend the funeral Tuesday.

Do not forget your duty to the
"city of the dead" this year. A
new year begins May 30, 1918,

and all lots placed in the hands
of the committee should be paid
for by that time. Rates, \$3 for
occupied lot, \$1 for vacant lots.
Send your checks to Miss Nelle
Walker, Secretary.

Registration of all men who
have become 21 years of age
since June 5th, 1917, will only
be held at one place in the coun-
ty, the Court House, Marion,
Ky., has been designated as the
most convenient place.

WANTED: Man to operate saw-
mill, on contract or daily wage
basis. Pay every week. Can give
good man work all summer long.

Arnold & Bellamy,
Marion, Ky.

If you have become 21 years
of age since June 5th, 1917, and
fail to register at Court House,
Wednesday, June 5th, you are
guilty of evading U. S. military
service, which is a grave offense
at this time and is punishable by
imprisonment in Federal Peni-
tentiary.

The cemetery has been wel-
kept the past year. No com-
plaints have been made to the
committee. We want to make
it beautiful this year. Do your
part. New drives to be kept,
and more rock needed. If you
have no lot there, make some
contribution to the care of the
walks and drive-ways.

Attorney John A. Moore ad-
dressed a good crowd at Hebron
Sunday and a donation for the
Red Cross work amounting to
\$52 was made. At Crooked Creek
approximately \$40 was raised.
His two talks netted us
local Red Cross Society \$90.

The Freshman and Sophomore
classes of the High school will
present in costume in the school
auditorium Friday morning at
8:20. The new Patriotic Pa-
geant by Louise Millikin Good.

All who are interested in the
school are invited to attend this
exercise.

E. J. Travis, Joel Moore Russell
Ford and family and Oakley
Hughes and family were among
those who attended the Red
Cross drive at Kuttrwa Sunday.
They report a crowd several thou-
sand people and a collection of
over \$800.00.

Miss Amalie Ruzicka, 1449 South
16th St., Omaha, Nebraska, writes:
"I have suffered with catarrh of the
throat. I caught cold and it settled
in my throat, and I coughed badly
and was very weak. I could not sleep
and had no appetite. I had two doctors,
and had taken so many different
medicines and found no help. I thought
I will have to give up; but at last
my mother read about Peruna, so I
thought of trying that great medicine
Peruna. I got a bottle of it and in
about four days I almost stopped
coughing, and after a while I surely
found relief, and from that time we
are not without Peruna in our home."

"Your flag and my flag"—
See play Friday evening.

Misses Bertie Travis and Myrtle
Walker spent the week-end

in the county with Mr. and Mrs.
Joe Hunter.

Do you get up at night? Sanol is
surely the best for all kidney or blad-
der troubles. Sanol gives relief in 24
hours from all backache and bladder
troubles. Sanol is a guaranteed reme-
dy. 50 cent bottle at the drug store.

Miss Ruth Croft has returned
from Atlanta, Ga., where she
stopped, when enroute home
from Florida, where she spent
the winter to visit her college
chum Miss Laura Cole, who at-
tended "Chevy Chass" near
Washington with her.

Special prices on Georgette
crepe waists this week at Lottie
Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. Anna Haynes Pike of
New York is here to visit her
little daughter who is spending
the summer with her grandparents,
Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Haynes.

FOR SALE—Southern Queen
Potato slips 30cts per 100.
Florida Yams, 35cts per 100.
Geo. L. Whitt, Route 2. Phone
19. Frances Ex.

Mrs. J. W. Blue who was op-
erate on at Walker Sanitarium
three weeks ago has so far recov-
ered as to be able to return
home today it is expected.

Above every obstacle "Old
Glory" waves in triumph. See
the play Friday night.

Miss Nannie Miller has returned
from a two weeks visit to Owen-
boro where she was the guest of
her aunt, Mrs. R. A. Rodgers.

New line of Middies on dis-
play at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Miss Gwendolyn Haynes has
returned from Evansville where
she went Monday on a shopping
trip.

I have several good farms for
sale close in also town property
and mineral rights.

W. E. Belt.

Mrs. Estelle Reese and her lit-
tle daughter, Evelyn of Grand
Junction Colo; arrived Tuesday
to attend the funeral of her
grandmother, Mrs. Jane Walker.

Hats, White Milans, Leghorns
and Panamas. Special price this
week at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

Mrs. George Orme of Louisville
arrived home Tuesday to prepare
the home for her mother who ar-
rived Wednesday from a stay of
several months in Arizona.

Ernest Carnahan as Mr. La-
Fohy, the man who changes his
mind, "Glaim Allowed." at
Opera House.

The Rev. H. R. Short addressed
the Red Cross meeting at Union
Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.
He was accompanied by J. F.
Dodge and Prof. Franklin. There
was a fair crowd and the sum of
\$50.00 was raised.

FOR SALE—I have some new
and second hand telephones for
sale.—W. T. Black, Marion, Ky.

W. B. Yandell who spoke in
the interest of the Red Cross
work at Piney Fork Sunday and
at Piney Creek in the afternoon
did not have very large crowds
but what they lacked in numbers
was made up in quality. There
were probably not over 20 people
at Piney Fork but a donation of
\$52.00 was given and at Piney
Creek \$50.50 making a total of
\$102.50 for the days drive.

Those who object to liquid medi-
cines can procure Peruna Tablets.

MARRIAGES

for the Roberts Fluor Spar Co.

He is a fine young fellow and is
highly esteemed.

The bride was born and rear-
ed here and is a general favor-
ite. Her sweet manner has won
her many friends. She is of the
slight brunet type and is a
beauty whom any one would
turn to take a second look at.

Nonagenarian Transfigured.
Continued from page one
es.

She was born at Clementburg,
in this county, then Livingston,
January 14, 1835, and was Miss
Sarah Jane Clement before her
marriage to Robert Newton
Walker on March 4, 1856, and
was related to all the Clement
family of this county.

Surviving her are two sisters,
Mrs. S. A. Nunn, of Sullivan,
and Mrs. J. B. Gill, of Dennison,
Tex.; two brothers, Lafe Clem-
ent, of Fords Ferry, and James
Clement, of Piggott, Ark.

Mrs. Walker had been a resi-
dent of Marion for almost half a
century, her husband having
moved here with his family
when he was elected sheriff in
1872.

She was a charter member of
the Ladies Aid Society of the
M. E. church and was a loyal
and industrious worker.

She leaves 46 descendants.
One son, R. C. Walker, of Grand
Junction, Col., has five children
and five grandchildren; Mrs.
Sallie Olive, of this city, has 5
children and 3 grandchildren;
Mrs. Mollie Ledbetter, of Eliza-
bethtown, Ill., has two children
and six grandchildren; Miss
Nelle Walker, her third daughter,
lived with her mother and
looked after her every want with
great solicitude; Mrs. Kate<br

BOATSWAIN IS CITED FOR GREAT HEROISM

HOW JOHN MACKENZIE SAVED THE REMILK WHEN A DEPTH CHARGE BROKE LOOSE.

HE CAPTURED THE BIG BOMB

Delivery of Locomotives Ordered by Government Starts in July—Germany Limits Spending Money of American Prisoners and Interned Civilians.

(From Committee on Public Information.) Washington.—Many members of the United States army and navy are being commended for bravery in action or in emergencies. A typical case is that of John Mackenzie, chief boatswain's mate, of the naval reserve force, described in a navy department statement.

The case is unique in that it has to do with one of the latest engines of war. As is well known, United States destroyers and other submarine fighters carry depth charges containing a large amount of high explosives which are dropped in the path of enemy submarines and explode under water. These have proved effective weapons in the destruction of U-boats, and they are safe enough when the safety pins are affixed; but when they get beyond control and the safety pin comes out they are a source of serious danger to the vessels carrying them. It will be recalled that the men on the U. S. S. Manley who lost their lives in the collision of that destroyer with a British vessel were killed by the explosion of one of these bombs.

In a heavy gale on the morning of December 17, 1917, a depth charge from its position on the stern. The box went overboard, but the charge was hurled in the opposite direction and went bounding about the deck. As it weighed hundreds of pounds it was impossible for anyone to lift the bomb and carry it to safety. It was even dangerous for anyone to go to that part of the ship, as the seas were washing over the stern. As the officers and crew watched the bomb some one shouted: "The pin's come out!" Realizing the danger, Mackenzie, exclaiming, "Watch me; I'll get it," dashed down the deck and flung himself upon the charging cylinder. Three times he almost had his arms about the bomb, but each time it tore from him, once almost crushing him. The fourth time he got a firm grip on it and heaved it upright on one flat end. Then he sat on it and held it down. The charge might have broken loose again and exploded at any moment, blowing Mackenzie to bits, but he held on firmly until lines could be run to him and men and depth bomb safely lashed. Soon afterward the ship was headed up into the sea and the charge carried to a place of safety.

The commanding officer of the Remilk, in his report recommending that the medal of honor be conferred on Mackenzie, says:

"Mackenzie, in acting as he did, exposed his life and prevented a serious accident to the ship and probable loss of the ship and entire crew. Had this depth charge exploded on the quarter-deck with the sea and wind that existed at the time there is no doubt that the ship would have been lost."

Money intended for interned civilians and prisoners of war in Germany should be remitted through the bureau of prisoners' relief, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. Remittances so made will probably not be delivered to addressees by the German government in cash, but in the form of credit on prison exchanges.

According to the Spanish ambassador at Berlin, the war department states that there are no restrictions in regard to the remittance of money for civilian and military prisoners. Such money is placed to prisoners credit, and may be spent under the following regulations:

"Military prisoners. Sixty marks weekly may be spent by officers and others of similar rank; 50 marks weekly by non-commissioned officers and men.

"Civilian prisoners. Sixty marks weekly for men of better social position; 50 marks weekly for others."

A study is being made of the form, nature and manufacturing processes of medicines requiring glycerin, and plans for the curtailment of the quantity now used in case it becomes necessary will be submitted to the general medical board of the Council of National Defense.

It is announced in the Bohemian press that experiments made with "paper cloth" have proved so successful that Hungarian state railways are to furnish their employees with summer clothing of this fabric.

In its regulations governing the price of wool the war industries board allows dealers to make a charge of three per cent of the selling price if the wool is not graded, and 3½ per cent if graded. This commission is to cover all storage, cartage and insurance.

An additional credit of \$3,250,000 has been extended to Belgium by the United States, making a total of \$107,850,000 loaned to that country, and adds to all the others \$5,288,850,000.

Delivery of the first of the 1,025 locomotives ordered by the railroad administration will start in July, and deliveries will continue monthly during the rest of the year. The locomotives are of six standard types, with one heavy and one light style in each type. They vary in weight from 200,000 pounds to 340,000 pounds, and the entire order will cost about \$30,000,000.

The six standard types are expected to eventually supersede the many kinds now in service, which embrace engines built according to 500 or more specifications. According to the railroad administration, this is the first real step ever taken toward the wide standardization of locomotives.

An order has also been placed for 100,000 freight cars of standard type to cost between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000. Negotiations for the construction of many thousand additional steel freight cars are still pending. The five types of cars ordered represent the standard forms of freight cars adopted by the railroad administration.

The adoption of these standard types, it is believed, will eventually substitute a few scientifically worked-out designs for the numerous miscellaneous varieties of cars, representing probably more than a thousand different old styles and specifications now in use, the accumulations of the past.

Before an airplane can be put into military service it must be equipped with at least nine delicate aeronautic instruments, some of which are absolutely essential to exact flying, and all contribute to the successful operation of a plane. One gives the pilot his location as to height and direction; others tell his speed through the air, the speed of his propeller, the amount of gasoline carried, water temperature, operation of the oiling system, and guide his "banking" on turns. Another necessary article is the oxygen-supplying apparatus, without which an aviator could not climb to any great height.

For operation of actual combat planes, such as observing, photographing, bombing, and fighting planes, other complicated and expensive instruments and sets of apparatus are necessary. Among them are machine guns, gun mounts, bomb racks, bomb-dropping devices, bomb sights, radio and photographic apparatus, electrically heated clothing, lights and flares. These bring the total cost of equipment for an airplane to several thousand dollars each, depending upon the type of plane.

Nearly 2,000 types and sizes of farm implements which have been gradually developed by manufacturers during peace-time competition have been recommended for elimination during the war by committees of the National Implement and Vehicle Association. The object, according to a statement by the Council of National Defense, is to conserve materials, labor, capital, and manufacturing facilities for war use.

In the report of the committee meetings to the commercial economy board of the Council of National Defense it was stated that no machinery recommended for discard was believed to be necessary to modern economical agriculture. The lines considered by the committees consisted of steel and chilled plows, grain drills, seeders, and other tillage implements and farm cul-tivators.

Such of the recommendations as the board deems suitable, with others from different sources, are being brought to the attention of all implement manufacturers and jobbers, and as many retail dealers as may be reached, through questionnaires.

A number of high-grade news photographers are urgently needed by the signal corps. These men must have expert experience in the handling of speed cameras, such as Graflex Graphic, and also understand speed of lenses and various tasks of cameras and operation of same. Only those men who can furnish references to their actual experience as new photographers will receive consideration.

The men selected for this branch of the service will be sent to a school for military training. Upon completion of the training they will be promoted to grades of sergeant, first class, and will be ordered overseas in a short time. Applicants must be citizens of the United States between the ages of 21 and 31. All communications should be addressed to Air Division, Training Section, Photographic Branch, Washington, D. C.

Advice from Shanghai states that the subscriptions to the third Liberty Loan there amount to over \$600,000 and a report from the American embassy in Mexico City states the subscribers there are more than \$350,000.

Regulations for bread-making in Sweden permit only nine kinds, the weight and price being prescribed by law. Only rye, wheat, barley, or flour may be used, and for ordinary bread the use of butter, lard or other fat, milk or cream is prohibited.

Recent contracts by the war department authorize the manufacture of 3,500,000 pairs of metal-fastened field shoes for overseas use. The average price was about \$7.75 a pair.

Contracts have also been awarded for the manufacture of 2,000,000 pairs of field sole shoes for United States and overseas service, the average price being \$6.50.

The Difference. Boost, don't boast. One gets some thing, the other doesn't.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Every Coat Should Have a Silver Lining



PERSHING MAY LEAD ALLIED DIVISIONS

WOULD ENTERTAIN REAL PEACE OFFER

F AMERICANS IN MAJORITY FROM BRIGADING ALLIED TROOPS, PERSHING IN CHARGE.

ADVANTAGES OF NEW PLAN

Would Rapidly Increase Size of U. S. Fighting Command on Battle Line. Foch in Supreme Command of Italians.

WILSON NOT KEPT IN DARK

FOREIGN SECRETARY BALFOUR TELLS HOUSE OF COMMONS OF SIXTUS LETTERS.

Ha Declares This Is No Question of Bigger Alsace-Lorraine—No One More Anxious Than Balfour To Have War Ended.

London.—The British secretary for foreign affairs, Arthur J. Balfour, in giving explanations in the House of Commons in connection with Emperor Charles' letter to Prince Sixtus of Bourbon, recently made public by the president of the French republic, declared that no effort at conversations has ever been made by the central powers in the interest of a fair and honorable peace, and he added:

"If any representative of any belligerent country desires seriously to lay before us any proposals, we are ready to listen to them."

The letter in question has been examined by a committee of the French chamber, and Mr. Balfour, and the conclusion reached was that it did not provide an adequate or satisfactory basis for an honorable peace.

Mr. Balfour in his explanations was replying to questions submitted by Walter Runciman, former president of the board of trade, who asked whether, when Emperor Charles' letter was communicated to the French government, and by the French government to the British prime minister, it was communicated to any other of the allies?

Had the American government any information as to what was passing? Did the prime minister inform the foreign office at the time of the fact that the communication had been shown to him? Why were the negotiations dropped—was it on purely territorial grounds—was it because a demand was made by France, not only for Alsace-Lorraine, but for the 1814 line or even the 1790 line?

Mr. Balfour explained that he had no secrets from President Wilson. He was in America at the time and had not gone very thoroughly into the matter. The letter, however, had been conveyed by Prince Sixtus to President Poincaré and the French premier under seal of the strictest secrecy. Only the British sovereignty and premiership were to see it. Therefore it was not communicated to the president of the United States and the American government was at the time no better informed of the facts regarding the letter than he was himself.

For the first time, however, it was stated unreservedly that Gen. Foch's supreme command extended to Italy.

It was stated also that Italy, at the present, besides sending troops to France in numbers equal to those being sent from the United States, has on her fighting line a larger army, more perfectly equipped, than she had before the great Austrian drive. This may be explanatory of the apparent equanimity with which the allied leaders face recurrent reports of a new drive on the Italian front.

The information that the brigaded allied divisions will be placed under the command of Gen. Pershing when the numbers of American troops contained in them predominate was taken to mean that the same principle would operate when the predominating numbers were French or British.

U. S. TROOPS ON BRITISH LINE.

With the American Army in France.—Troops of the new American army have arrived within the zone of the British forces in Northern France and are now completing their training in the area occupied by the troops which are blocking the path of the Germans to the channel ports.

TRYING OUT NEW AEROPLANE

Extensive Experiments Being Worked Out By Teutons On All-Steel "Flying Tank."

With the American Army in France.—German aviators are training in the "flying tank." This newest weapon of the air is an all-steel plane. Not only is it armored, but its wings are made of steel. It has a speed of 50 miles an hour and carries several six-centimeter guns.

The Germans are understood to be now making very elaborate tests with it. This new tool of war represents a German effort to outstrip the allies in the use of airplanes, flying low against infantry. The allies have had marked success with this kind of aerial warfare, especially in the recent Somme battles.

Casting All in Balance.

Washington.—Gen. Hindenburg is organizing 20 "sturm" or storming divisions for his forthcoming effort to break the British army, according to reports received here by American army strategists.

Huns Forcibly Enlist Belgians.

Paris.—A Belgian subject born of Belgian parents, at Tournai, was forcibly enlisted in the German army on January 21, 1918, but he deserted on March 4, reporting to Belgian representatives in a neutral country.

Bolshevik Enter China.

London.—Bolshevik troops have penetrated more than 150 miles south into Mongolia from the Siberian border below Irkutsk, according to a dispatch from a correspondent at Tien-Tsin.

Build Concrete Tank Steamers.

Washington.—Immediate construction of 14 concrete tank steamers for the fuel oil trade, with a total capacity of 105,000 tons, and of four concrete cargo vessels, with a total capacity of 12,500 tons, was authorized by the shipping board.

Get Five U-Boats In Week.

London.—The Evening Standard says that in one week less than five German submarines are definitely known to have been sunk. These included two large U-boats.

HUNDRED ASSURES VICTORY FOR ALLIES

GERMANY MUST TRAIN CLASS OF 1919 TO FILL GAPS MADE DURING SPRING DRIVE.

LOSES CHANCE FOR VICTORY

Exhaustion of Allied Troops Passed and All Gaps Filled With Sealed Troops Ready To Stop Enemy Drives.

War Correspondents' Headquarters

—The long postponement of the enemy's coming assaults seems definite proof of his losses in the first six weeks of his offensive, so heavy that he had to abandon the costly tactical blows which followed his general advance in order to reorganize his fighting machine and prepare for his new battles on a wider front. The task of filling up his gaps by large drafts from his depots, where he has begun to draw upon his boys of the 1919 class and of training those new formations for field warfare, has taken up time, and it seems evident now that he will not attempt to strike again until his fresh and refitted divisions are ready for his new offensive on something like the scale of March 21.

That might be preceded, however, by a few local assaults in order to gain the ground he needs for his general jump off, or he might act according to his latest methods. Any day now may bring this beginning of the new series of battles, but the time he has already taken has been entirely in our favor, and we need to be in no hurry for him to begin.

We forced from him this very thing, which he wanted more to deny us—and by yielding that under force he has had to abandon his greatest chance of victory, and, as many of us believe, his only chance. Our gaps are now filled up and the exhaustion of our troops after their long fighting has now passed. The French armies are mingled with ours, and our men no longer have to bear the brunt of the enemy's full strength in numbers that were hideously unequal.

That the German high command gave time for this is good evidence enough that they could take no further risks in their first gambler's throw and had to put their losses for the time, or at least be satisfied with smaller gains than they had hoped for.

RIVER CONVENTION CLOSES

Delegation Goes To Washington To Urge the Government To Establish Barge Line.

St. Louis.—The Mississippi Valley Waterways association closed its first annual convention here, after electing A. L. Shapleigh, of St. Louis, president, and resolving to send a delegation of 100 members of the association to Washington May 23 to urge the government to establish barge lines on the Mississippi and other inland rivers in co-operation with the fuel administration. Shapleigh was elected president, after E. Smith, incumbent, was re-elected and refused to serve another term.

Other officers elected included: M. J. Sanders, New Orleans, vice president-at-large; Gov. Charles H. Brush, Little Rock, Ark., vice president; B. L. Mallory, Memphis, Tenn., vice president.

PRISONERS CREATE ARMY

Released Czechs and Jugoslavs Are Organized and Ready To Fight Against Germans.

Washington—Czechs and Jugoslavs taken prisoners by the Russians while fighting with Austro-Hungarian armies now have organized an army which is resisting the Teutonic invasion of Russia. The Serbian legation here was informed in a cablegram from London, quoting Capt. Lukich, an officer of the corps, who has arrived there. Capt. Lukich said part of the corps had reached Japan through Siberia and planned to join the allied armies at Saloniki and on the western front.

Germany's violation of the Brest-Litovsk peace treaty by arbitrarily invading Russia has created deep feeling. Capt. Lukich said, and a Russian army (the Red Guard) is feverishly being organized, despite the civil war that is being waged with the utmost violence. The Russians have arms, equipment and ammunition for an army of 1,500,000 men, the officer was quoted as saying.

AMERICAN FLYER IS LOST.

Lieut. Frank Knapp Disappeared While on Air Patrol Service.

New York.—While on an air patrol trip above the German lines in France Lieut. Frank K. Knapp, an American, with the British royal air forces, disappeared and his fate is not known.

Two days earlier Lieut. Knapp was attacked by five German airmen. He descended 10,000 feet and escaped, after downing one of the enemy machines.

THIRD LOAN SALES HIT \$4,170,019,650

OVERSUBSCRIBED THREE BILLION MINIMUM 39 PER CENT. MEMPHIS LEADS.

17,000,000 TOTAL BUYERS

Every Federal Reserve District Exceeds Quota—St. Louis District Went "Over Top" by 156 Per Cent—Atlanta by 151.

Washington.—The total of the third Liberty loan is \$4,170,019,650, an over-subscription of 39 per cent above the \$3,000,000,000 minimum sought. The number of subscribers was about 17,000,000. Every federal reserve district over-subscribed, the Minneapolis district going to 172 per cent, the highest, and the New York district to 124 per cent, the lowest. The Atlanta district was fourth in per cent of quota, having raised \$136,653,350, or 151 per cent. Kansas City and St. Louis were second and third, respectively.

In announcing these figures the treasury department explained that the total may be changed slightly by later

RECORDS TELL HOW AMERICAN DESTROYERS SINK SUBMARINES

Vessels Guarding Convoy Forced Germans to Surrender After Depth Charge and Shell Fire—"Mosquito Fleet," With Crews of Youths, Does Great Work in Danger Zone—Nelson Touch in One Fight.

London.—Often the question has been asked, "What are our submarines doing? Are they active at all in hunting the German U-boats which are sinking our mercantile shipping?" Occasionally cases are heard of German submarines being sunk by destroyers. The weekly Admiralty reports tell of a certain number of merchant ships "unsuccessfully attacked," from which one concludes that in some cases a U-boat may have been "bagged" by the merchantman's gun.

Nor has the American "mosquito" fleet been long in learning the game of U-boat hunting. "Keen as mustard," said a British naval officer recently in talking about the American navy. They simply love a scrap when they can get it, but the Germans are not so keen.

There is no end of stories about the sinking and destroying of German U-boats hidden away in the very brief reports of commanding officers which from time to time reach the Admiralty, if one could only get at them. Of many of the highly successful methods of hunting and destroying the U-boat it is, of course, impossible to tell, but the Admiralty has permitted the publication of some recent records in which American destroyers, British destroyers, motor launches and submarines have played distinguished parts.

Most Are Mere Boys.

The brave fellows engaged in the work are, for the most part, mere boys, fresh-faced, clear-eyed youngsters, devoid of nerves, always alert, cool and confident, who have to make up their minds and give their orders on the instant, and who, in true navy style, perform their allotted tasks and say nothing about them.

Here is a story of a successful engagement fought by two American destroyers which were escorting a convoy of merchantmen. They sighted a periscope, which however, quickly disappeared. Rushing to the spot the destroyers dropped a depth charge and then wheeled back. The periscope again appeared, as though heading for the convoy, and off went the destroyers full speed.

Once more the periscope disappeared, but not before three rounds had been fired by the leading destroyer, who also dropped a depth charge. The enemy's boat then came up rapidly, and it appeared that he was lying at an angle of thirty degrees, stern down.

German Crew Surrendered.

He managed to right himself and tried to get away on the surface, but again the Americans opened fire, and then the Germans came on deck, held up their hands and surrendered. The U-boat sank just afterward, the survivors being taken on board one of the destroyers.

Here is a tale of an English commander of a submarine just as it reached Whitehall:

"10 a. m.—Sighted hostile submarine. Attacked same.

"10:03 a. m.—Torpedoed submarine. Hit with one torpedo amidships. Submarine seen to blow up and disappear. Surface to look for survivors. Put down immediately by destroyers who fired at me."

But this young commander was a little more explicit in his footnote, as he might well be, for, having kept to sea and his appointed duty under circumstances of extreme difficulty and hazard, he took his fate in both hands, struck the enemy and destroyed him.

"During my attack," he wrote, "there was just enough sea to make depth keeping difficult. I fired two torpedoes, and one hit at forward end of coming tower. A large column of yellow smoke, about one and a half times as high as the mast, was observed and the submarine disappeared. The explosion was heard and felt in our own submarine. On the previous day the periscope had become very stiff to turn, and in the dark hours I attempted to rectify same, but while doing so I was forced to dive, and thus lost all the tools and nuts of the center bush."

"While attacking it took two men beside myself to turn the periscope. For this reason I did not consider it prudent to attack the destroyer after having sunk the submarine."

Lauder's Cousin Killed.

Cumberland, Md.—John Lauder, forty-eight, a cousin of Harry Lauder, the Scotch comedian, was killed in the Tysons coal mine near here, where he was employed. He was caught under a fall of rock.

NURSERY TRAIN FOR FRENCH BABIES



A Red Cross nursery train at Basle, Switzerland, where French civilians repatriated from Germany are cared for on their way home. The poster on the stork and the child signifies the object of the car and the inscription above translated means "For the Happiness of Women."

LET'S HOLD THE LINE

By Norreys Jephson O'Connor of the Vigilantes.

We hold the line which stretches far, From western towns to fields of France, Where now our brave battalions are, Fighting to stop the Hun's advance.

We must not fall them in their need, We who, in factory or field, Are soldiers, too; we may not bleed; Should we, then, find excuse to yield.

Because we pass in dreariness Our days, or in the summer sun Are hot, and worn with weariness? If our line breaks, the foe has won.

If we heed enemy alarms, Vain is the general's vast design, And vain the soldier's deed of arms. In freedom's name, let's hold the line.

GIRL SCOUT CAPTAIN



Mrs. Elizabeth P. Stark, sister of Hoffman Phillip, newly appointed minister of Colombia, is captain of a mounted girl scout troop in Mayport, Fla., whose duty is to patrol the coast east of Florida to turn up pro-German activities. All the girls carry rifles or automatics, and are proficient in their use. The scouts are from thirteen to sixteen years old, and do night work without a qualm.

FORETOLD WAR WITH HUNS

Russian Consul at Boston Fourteen Years Ago Prophesied Great Conflict.

Boston.—Fourteen years ago Joseph A. Conry, Russian consul, prophesied there would be a war with Germany. This was made in an address Mr. Conry delivered at the annual meeting of the Ninth Regiment Veterans' association in G. A. R. hall in this city, April 6, 1904. Excerpts from his speech follow:

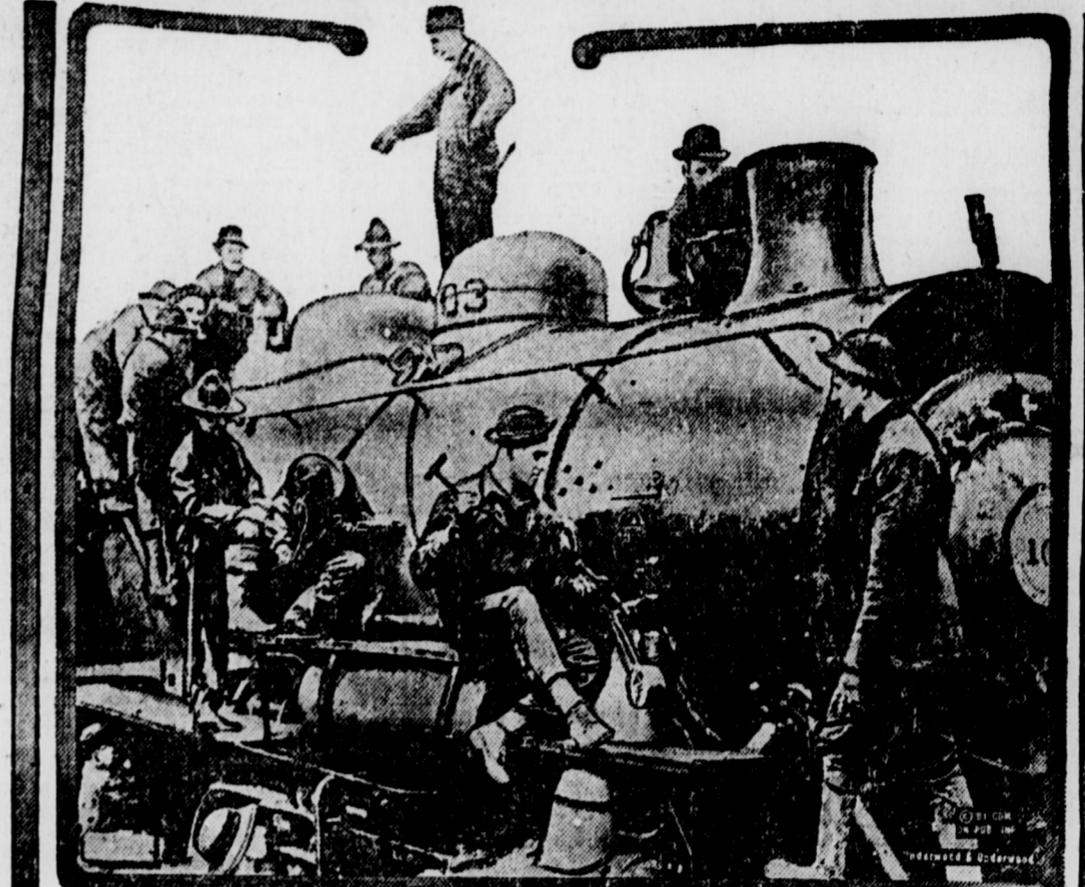
"There will be a war in this country as sure as time flies. With England? No, because our commercial interests are too intimate. Not with France, because she is diminishing. We have had it with Spain.

"But it will be with the empire of Germany. We have no desire for war, but if it should come, we need a volunteer militia made up of 500,000 men to back up our standing army."

SHIP COAL BY WATER.

Memphis, Tenn.—Heavy shipments of coal from the Kentucky fields are being made by water on the Mississippi river. A single steamboat recently towed 15 barges containing 9,000 tons of coal from Caseyville, Ky., to Memphis. It would have required three or four trains to have hauled this consignment by rail.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS ON THE JOB IN FRANCE



Some of the American locomotive engineers now in France are here seen hard at work assembling a big American engine.

CALIFORNIA TOWN DEVASTATED BY THE RECENT EARTHQUAKE



This striking photograph shows the piled-up ruins in the business district of San Jacinto, Cal., after the earthquake. Soldiers are patrolling the devastated area to guard against vandals. The shock, which was felt throughout southern California, did most damage at this spot, where it destroyed more than a third of the city, including almost the entire business section. The neighboring town of Hemet was also severely hit by the earthquake, the damage in the two cities amounting to half a million dollars.

PROTECTING FRENCH ART



The innumerable art treasures of France are guarded against damage by the enemy air raiders. The photograph shows how the statues in the garden of Versailles palace are protected.

PUSHING "LIBERTY BREAD."

The "Liberty bread shop," at 35 Huntington avenue, Boston, has been opened and is being carried forward with the approval of the Massachusetts section of the woman's committee, council of national defense, and the woman's committees on food conservation of state and city. The shop gives the public practical information on legitimate and palatable substitutes for white bread and there are daily demonstrations in breadmaking. All the work of baking is done by an expert baker. Volunteer workers act as saleswomen and serve luncheons.

WILD BRONCOS SENT ABROAD.

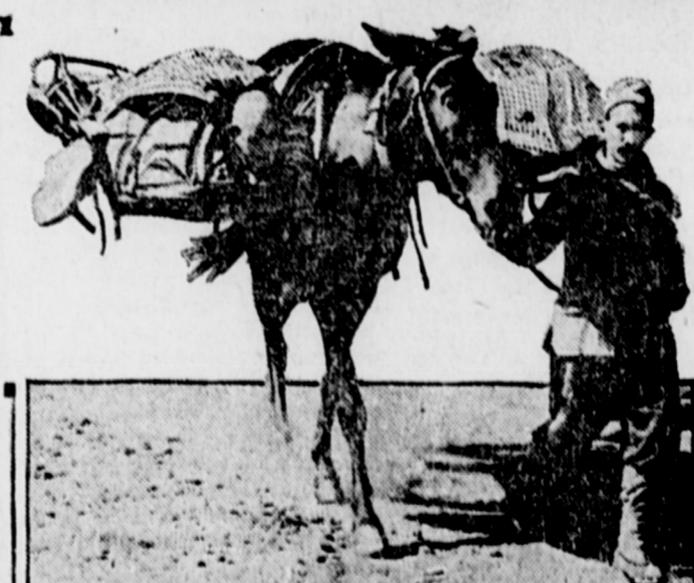
There should be plenty of bucking and pitching of broncos along the western front in Europe now, as 31,000 absolutely wild Canadian horses have arrived in Europe, according to Clyde Dunlap, horse wrangler, who returned recently to Virginia, Minn., from the Canadian northwest, where for 21 months he has been roping the animals, says an exchange. He said most of the horses were captured in the wilds of the Peace river country, southwest of Edmonton, and none of them has ever looked through a bridle.

"MURDER GUN'S" WORK IN A NURSERY



The photograph shows the condition of a day nursery in Paris after the bombardment by the big German gun in the forest of St. Gobain that shells the city at a range of almost eighty miles. One shell landed in the nursery and created the awful havoc shown. Many of the children and their nurses were killed and the rest of them injured.

TRANSPORTING THE SERBIAN WOUNDED



This photo shows a unique method of the Serbians for transporting their wounded soldiers from the mountains, where they are still fighting the Bulgarians and Austrians.



All-Weather Protection

If you want to beautify your home, and fit it to withstand rain, sunshine, and dampness, cover it with a coat or two of Hanna's Green Seal Paint.

Hanna's Green Seal is also an expert factor in rejuvenating homes. It takes away dullness and shabbiness. It makes any home a more creditable place, and makes you happier in it.

If your home is showing signs of needing paint, get acquainted with the transforming power of

Hanna's Green Seal

"The Made to Wear Paint"

Sold By

Flanary & Daughtrey, Marion, Ky.

Letter From Tennessee.

Mr. S. M. Jenkins,
Marion, Ky.

Dear Sir:

I was just about to think a thought, that is if the good people in and around Marion will have it sliced up that way.

Just 74 years ago with 10 months added, I started out in this friendly world, going of course at rather a slow gate. I took notice of things as I passed corners and mile posts, stopping now and then to think what a chance I or the other fellow missed by not taking hold just in time. But after a while my thoughts became more penetrating. I went forward with some little more vim. But after my faculties became more mature I discovered that my surroundings was just a one room log cabin, stick and dobb'd all round. But to day fortunately after many ups and downs I am living in a house that cost \$3,800,000—the Soldiers Home.

L. J. ALLISON.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials, Dr. E. W. Hall, 2326 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Advertisement.

From a Little Boy of Three.

I am a little boy
Who plays with his gun,
I play soldiers, and cowboys,
And have the greatest fun.
It would almost make you laugh,
To see me marching off to
France,
And just to think,
I a little boy wearing knee-pants.
Why the older boys don't go
I can't see the reason why.
If I was just a little older
I would catch a German spy.
But I am just three
And have to stay with dad.
Guess I can climb a tree,
And that won't be so bad.
Although I am very little,
I'll do everything I can,
If every boy will do the same
We'll kill every male German!
SWIFT.

Notice.

There will be no more tobacco received at the McMullin factory until Monday, May 27th, on the account of room.

Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Co.,
(Incorporated.)
By E. J. Ramsey.

STORIES OF THE TOWN

Stirring Tales of Adventure, Serious And Frivolous, as Told by Local Story Tellers.

"A RUN FOR LIFE."

(By R. C. HAYNES)

The first real warm days of spring had come and a number of gentlemen were seated in the court house yard, enjoying the shade of the friendly maple trees and passing away the time by exchanging tales of a more or less exciting nature, which seemed to be fresh in the minds of the narrators.

It was a patriotic crowd. The war situation had been gone over and, in their opinions, the Kaiser would, at no distant date, be beaten to a frazzle.

"You know, gentlemen," said one speaker, "that I am no coward and, as old as I am, I think I would rather enjoy going over and helping our boys in France. As you all perhaps know, I fought through our civil war on the side of the boys in gray, and now only my age prevents me from wearing the khaki with equal pride.

"But gentlemen, the story I have in mind now is not a war experience, although, even in the fiercest battles of our late dreadful war, with the bullets flying all around me, I never was scared so bad as I was at the time to which I refer. And never before, gentlemen, had I shown my heels to the foe."

"Let's hear the story, Zeb," spoke up a number of listeners, who, knowing Zebulon's reputation as a story-teller, were sure he had a good one in store for them.

"I have always been in doubt," continued Zebulon, in compliance with their request, "whether the adventure I am to tell you can rightly be called a snake story, though I am at a loss for another name. My wife has always been ashamed to have me tell it, as she witnessed the termination of the adventure and has had many a good laugh at my expense.

"Well, Zeb (te-hee), Nell would giggle, 'this is one story (te-hee) you you'll never tell.'

"But gentlemen, I do not consider it a disgrace to tell a true story, whether one's self is the hero or the victim. To begin with, I have always been afraid of snakes. They are a terror to me. If Father Adam had looked upon snakes as I do, he'd never have taken a bite of that apple, even if his wife did ask him to.

"It happened one day that I wanted a horse to ride out to town. The animal had jumped out of the pasture I usually keep him in and had gone down into a lower field. I called to him several times, in appropriate language, to come to me; that I had corn in his trough waiting for him. But the blamed rascal kept on grazing and paid no heed to my call.

"There was nothing for me to do but to go after him; so I took a bridle and started across the field. There were two fences between me and the horse. I climbed over the first one and entered a field that had been uncultivated, where the weeds grew thick and tall. I went on, stepping high and parting the weeds as I went. The weeds were fully as high as my head and bore a profusion of white and yellow blossoms.

"I had gotten about half-way across the field when my feet became entangled in a vine and I fell sprawling to the ground. I didn't make any remarks, though I felt rather inclined

to. I spat a lot of yellow blossoms out of my mouth, scrambled to my feet and was about to move on, when I happened to glance behind me.

"Mars and Jupiter! I exclaimed to myself, 'what a snake!' The reptile seemed about six feet long, of ample proportions and was moving towards me, its head hoisted!

"I lit out in full tilt across the field, my knees, arms and head parting the tall weeds as I went, determining to get away from the vicious monster—if I could. Just before reaching the second fence I glanced behind me and could see the reptile's body wriggling through the weeds, coming after me! I made for the fence, bounded over it, and so did the snake!

"I was now in the pasture field where there were no weeds, and with renewed energy I made for the horse, hoping to bounce on his back, gallop off to the house and thus escape the danger of being bitten by the venomous reptile coming in full speed at my heels.

"The horse was a docile creature and ordinarily I could catch him anywhere in the fields; but, coming up as I did at full speed, with arms outstretched, hat off and mouth open, the animal became greatly frightened, snorted, kicked up his heels, then made for the house as fast as his legs could carry him.

"Go, dad blame you!" I reflected, desert a fellow in his extremity. But I had no time for comment. I remembered that I had not a drop of snake medicine about the place. I must trust to my legs to outrun the snake, else poor Nell would be left a widow.

"So making a wide circle, I turned and made off toward the house, recrossing the fence into the weed field and going lickety-split, lickety-split!

"On I went and on followed the snake! I could see no rock or club anywhere with which to defend myself, and had no time to pick it up if I had. I jumped over a log that lay in my pathway—or rather want of a pathway—and I could hear the sound of the snake's body as it wriggled across the log after me.

"On I plunged toward the house, the tall weeds bending as I went and my open mouth filled with white and yellow blossoms. A rabbit, frightened by our approach, scampered off. A cow across the field took to her heels, bawling loudly for her calf.

"When I came to the fence I went over with a bound and, glancing back, I saw the snake's tail scaling the top rail.

"I was now nearing the house, and I took renewed courage as I saw old Tige lying asleep in the yard. The dog was noted for his fondness for snake-killing. He could catch a snake midways and shake the life out of him in two minutes.

"Here, Tige!—Sic 'im! Sic 'im!" I cried, as I passed by the woodpile.

"The dog got to his feet and came, obedient to my call; but, when he met me, he looked at me in a disgusted kind of way, taking no notice of the poisonous reptile seeking my destruction, and went back into the yard and lay down.

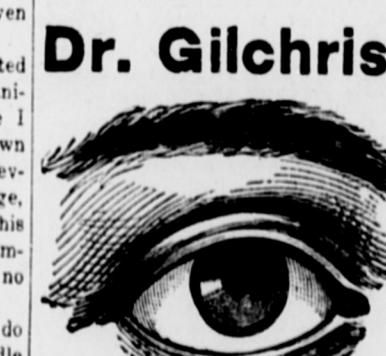
"The yard gate stood ajar and, as I dashed through, I gave it a swing to, hoping to cut off the snake's entrance; but, as I looked back, I saw the reptile had made it through and was making great bounds for my heels! I expected every minute to feel its poison fangs in my legs.

"Nell! Nell!" I shouted, as I ran up the walk. "Open the door and let me pass through, but don't let the snake in!" I bounded up the steps and through the door, Nell slamming the door to after me. As the door closed I felt the bridle being jerked from my shoulder.

"Zeb (te-hee) asked Nell, 'where is the (te-hee) snake?'

The loose end of the bridle rein had been trailing on the ground about six feet behind me.

"That's all right about the snake, Nell," I replied in my confusion, "I drove the horse up, anyhow."



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A Big Day For The Lord.

As it is customary with Barnett's Chapel, once more on the first Sunday in May, we met for our sacrament and foot washing day. The program was carried out to the letter, the good Lord was in command, and assisted by Rev. J. W. Ellington, who had just returned to his appointment from Portageville, Mo., and other worthy Brethren who assisted in performing the will of the Lord on this special occasion, and Sunday saw the biggest day and largest crowd together with the best behaviour, and the most glorious time that has ever been witnessed in this end of Crittenden county.

Estimates suggest that there were near two thousand people present, and the large roomy house was unable to accommodate a fourth of the people. Rev. J. W. Ellington, met the hearty approval of the entire congregation by conducting the morning services, his text was Gen: 6 chap: 1. My Spirit shall no always strive with man. The text was well handled and produced a forceful sermon, which did every one good that heard it, in this case as in all others, Bro. Ellington's efforts with the Lord's help was great success, it seems that he knows no failure, for the Lord is always with him.

By a friend, a brother, and well-wisher.

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ILLUMINATE I. C. BRIDGE

Cairo, Ill., May 7. — Acting under direct order from Director General McAdoo electricians in the employ of the Illinois Central railroad Saturday wired the I. C. bridge across the Ohio river here. The bridge will be heavily wired, with lights strung above and below the deck of the structure, illuminating all parts at night. Conductors of the I. C. and M. & O. railroads, which use the bridge, have been ordered to permit no one to stand on any car platform while passenger trains are crossing the bridge, and to examine each freight train before it crosses. If necessary the latter are to be stopped while a thorough search is made.

No reason for the action has been given out. When war was declared the bridge was guarded by militiamen, but since their withdrawal has been allowed to stand unwatched. Now it appears that greater care than ever is to be observed to protect this important link in railway communication between north and the south.

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then proceed to the nearest recruiting station, Ashland, Covington, Lexington, Owensboro, or Paducah, and there make application. If he passes the preliminary tests, he will be forwarded at government expense to the main office here at Louisville, where he will be given a final examination and be sworn in, and then sent to one of the naval training stations.

If a man is of draft age, he should secure from his local draft board, a release to permit him to enlist in the navy, and then proceed to the nearest recruiting station, where the same procedure will be gone through.

Either this office or any one of the sub-stations will be glad to give further information either in person or by mail, and there will be no obligations attached to such inquiries.

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A Springtime Song

When the trees begin to bud,
And the grass begins to grow;
We then forget the Winter's mud,
The ice, sleet and snow.
Then on with smiling face we go,
The Springtime joys to greet;
With happy thoughts expressing so,
Of some loved friend we long to meet.
The Springtime season always brings,
New life to all, the Earth;
For until then no Robin sings,
The Cheering Song of Springtime's birth.

But Winters work is Nature's plan,
And none on Earth can stay;
His icy hand from working then,
For natures work must have its way.
The Spring with life and all its power,
Is loved by all, the living world;
And winters work is soon forgot,
For Springtime life is then unfurled.
All hail to thee, welcome Springtime
We bid you come with us to stay;
Until your season's work is done,
And then to you, goodby we'll say.
ROBERT LEAR